

Jacksonville Herald

VOL. 38.

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Jacksonville Republican

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For six months, \$6.00.

For one year, \$12.00.

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Remington Sewing Machine

The "Medal for Progress."

AT VIENNA, 1873.

The Highest Order, or Medal, Awarded at the Exposition.

No Sewing Machine Received a Higher Prize.

A FEW GOOD REASONS.

1.-A New Invention Thoroughly Tested and secured by Letters Patent.

2.-Makes a perfect Lock Stitch, alike on both sides, on all kinds of goods.

3.-Runs Light, Smooth, Noiseless and Rapid - best combination of qualities.

4.-Durable - Runs for Years without Repairs.

5.-Will do all "Varieties" of Work and Sewing in a superior manner.

6.-Is Most easily Managed by the operator. Length of stitch may be altered while running, and machine can be threaded without passing thread through holes.

7.-Design Simple, Elegant, Compact, forming the ideal without the use of cog wheels, bulky cases or lever arms.

8.-The Automatic Drop Feed, which insures uniform length of stitch at any speed.

9.-Our new Thread Controller, which allows easy movement of needle-bar and prevents injury to thread.

10.-Construction most careful and finished. It is manufactured by the most skillful and experienced mechanics, at the celebrated Remington Arms Co., Ltd., of London, England, and is sold by the Remington Arms Co., Ltd., of London, England, and is sold by the Remington Arms Co., Ltd., of London, England.

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ATTENTION ALL!

\$20,000 WORTH

OF

New Goods

JUST received by ROWAN, DEAN & CO., embracing every variety of

Ready Made CLOTHING;

Hats & Caps, Hardware & Cutlery, Crockeryware;

Drugs & Medicines, Paints, Oils, Glass, Saddles & Saddlery, BAG-

GING & TIES, and a full line of

Family Groceries, which for Cash or Cotton will be sold

Cheaper than the Cheapest.

Dec. 24, 1874-tf.

THE GREAT CAUSE

HUMAN MISERY.

Just Published in a Sixd. Envelope.

Price 6c.

A Lecture on the Nature, Treatment, and Radical Cure of Seminal Weakness, or Spermatorrhoea, induced by Self Abuse, Indecent Exposure, Impotency, Nervous Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally: Consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, &c.-By ROBERT J. CULVER, M.D., M.A., author of the "Green Book."

The world-renowned author, in this admirable Lecture, clearly proves from his own experience that the worst consequences of Self Abuse may be effectually removed without medicine, and without dangerous surgical operations, blisters, instruments, rings or any other painful or dangerous means. He cures himself, and cures others, by his own method, which he gives in full, and which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically.

This Lecture will prove a boon to thousands and thousands.

Send under seal, in an envelope, to any address under receipt of six cts., or two postage stamps.

Address the Publishers,

CAAS, J. C. KLINE & Co.,

127 Bowery, New York, Post Office Box 4565

TO FARMERS.

I am prepared to make

Liberal Advances

on COTTON.

My advances can be made from \$50 to \$750 per bale.

Give me a trial - satisfaction guaranteed.

Orders for Bagging and Ties solicited.

J. B. HILSON, Agt.

Jacksonville, Oct. 17, 1874-tf.

CALHOUN COLLEGE

AND

Jacksonville Female Academy.

For the Primary Day, per m. \$3.00

Intermediate, " " 4.00

Classical and higher mathematics, " " 5.00

French, extra, " " 6.00

Musical instruction in vocal, " " 7.00

Use of Instrument, " " 8.00

Z. D. COTTELL, Principal.

Oct. 3, 1874.

A. WOODS,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

November 28, 1874.

Valuable Town Property

BROCK & McCAIN,

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

DEALERS IN

DRUGS, MEDICINES,

Chemicals, Oils,

VARNISHES, GLASS, PAINTS.

PUTTY, FINE SOAPS &

PERFUMERY.

COAL OIL AND LAMPS

FIELD, & GARDEN SEEDS.

And All Other Articles Kept by

Druggists Generally.

Oct. 3, 1874-tf.

ATLANTA NURSERY.

W. T. ALEXANDER, Agent.

WHOLESALE and RETAIL

FRUIT and ORNAMENTAL TREES, GRAPE

VINES, Nut Trees, small Fruits, EVER-

GREENS, Flowering shrubs, &c., all of which are cultivated in the Atlanta Nurseries.

The Fruit Trees sold by this nursery are much better suited to this climate than those sold by any Northern nursery. Apples, Peaches, Pears, Plums, Quinces, Grapes, Figs, and many small Fruits can be raised in abundance in this climate and no better investment could be made than in spending a few dollars in buying a number of trees and planting them. Call and give the Agent an order. Jacksonville, Sept. 26, 1874-tf.

LOUISIANA IN CHAINS

To the people of the United States.

The Committee of Seven, whose representative character is well known to the country, call the attention of the people of the United States to the additional points and individuals under which the oppressed people of Louisiana are now suffering.

For two years we have been in vain appealing to the President, to the Congress, to the Executive, to the Judiciary, to the State Government, to the people, to the private order of a drunken United States judge, written in his chamber and sustained by the United States army, brought before the people for the purpose of this inhuman and oppressive act.

This inhuman and oppressive act, by the private order of a drunken United States judge, written in his chamber and sustained by the United States army, brought before the people for the purpose of this inhuman and oppressive act.

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Republican

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Notice to Farmers.

I will pay, in Cash, the highest market price for Cotton, or will advance liberally, in cash or groceries, on all cotton that the farmers wish to ship.

I have a full line of Groceries, Bagging and Ties which I will sell at the lowest market prices for cash or better.

I will buy all kinds of Country produce dry hides and fur skins.

Call and see me before, trading elsewhere.

Oct 17th L. J. PARR.

TO FARMERS

Take due notice and govern yourselves accordingly. I am prepared to furnish GUANO and wait until next November for the money.

Will allow 15 cts. per LB. for Middling Cotton in payment for Guano. Give your orders soon, or you may fail to get.—L. J. PARR.

Cod. Parr is receiving daily a full line of family supplies, among his thousand and one articles you will find all kinds of sweet meats for instance,

Cod Fish,—
Mince meat,—
Herring,—
Cheese, and MACARONI.

Onions,—
Irish Potatoes,—
Dried Beef,—
Fresh Pork and Sausage.

Let the hungry come they shall be filled.

If you want anything in the Book, Stationery or Musical Instrument Department, send your orders to

PATRICK & OMBRO,
ROME, GA.

Write us for Catalogue and Price Lists.

Wall Papers a Specialty.

The American Sardine Co's Boneless Sardines, are much better and less than half the cost of imported Sardines.

SANTA CLAUS Esq. Notices his numerous friends that he has established his headquarters for the present season at

ALEXANDER'S.

Fine Hams and Bacon Sides at ALEXANDER'S.

A new lot of Ready made Clothing, Overcoats &c at ALEXANDER'S.

A large lot of Cassimer's & Jeans at low figures at ALEXANDER'S.

The best Flour and Several grades of Sugar cheap at ALEXANDER'S.

Don't forget that Alexander is selling good Brogan Shoes at \$1.50.

Everybody go to Alexander's & lay in your supplies for Christmas, as they have just received a car load of various sorts.

We are requested to state that the exercises of the College and Female Academy are postponed until Monday the 11th inst.

The state of the weather and other hindrances arising from change of dwelling, the causes.

For Sale or Exchange.

I desire to sell my House and Lot on the Public Square in the town of Jacksonville, Ala., or to Exchange it for a Farm in this County. Parties desiring to exchange Land for Town property will do well to apply. The Store House is for Rent during the year 1875, unless otherwise disposed of.

Mrs. M. E. ROWLAND.

Dec. 22, 1874.—24.

BRICK—Persons desiring Brick, of any kind, by calling on Marshall Pruitt can be accommodated at reasonable prices. The Bricks were burned at Capt. Peter Hines' kiln. Dec. 31, 1874.—4t.

But a few days more before the wheels will turn, that will decide who are the lucky ones will secure \$50,000, \$25,000, \$15,000, \$10,000, \$5,000, \$2,500, and many other valuable gifts in the Texas Gift Concert Association at Denison. The 31st of December will soon be at hand; don't forget the date, and secure a ticket before it is too late.

LIST OF APPOINTMENTS

OF HENRY FITZ, Tax Assessor of

Calhoun County.

Pre. No. 11 White Pls. M. Jan. 25, 1874

" 12, Centre, Groves, " 26, "

" 13, Centre, Wd., " 27, "

" 14, Oxford, Thur., " 28, "

" 15, Ford's, Friday, " 29, "

" 16, Anniston, Sat., " 30, "

" 17, Alexandria, M., Feb. 1, "

" 18, Sulphur Springs, " 2, "

" 19, Folsville, Sat., " 3, "

" 20, Jacksonville, Sun., " 4, "

" 21, Jacksonville, Mon., " 5, "

" 22, Jacksonville, Tues., " 6, "

" 23, Jacksonville, Wed., " 7, "

" 24, Jacksonville, Thurs., " 8, "

" 25, Jacksonville, Friday, " 9, "

" 26, Jacksonville, Sat., " 10, "

" 27, Jacksonville, Sun., " 11, "

" 28, Jacksonville, Mon., " 12, "

" 29, Jacksonville, Tues., " 13, "

" 30, Jacksonville, Wed., " 14, "

" 31, Jacksonville, Thurs., " 15, "

" 1, Jacksonville, Friday, " 16, "

" 2, Jacksonville, Sat., " 17, "

The dramatic entertainment that was to come off at the College, for the benefit of the Baptist church of this place, has been postponed, on account of the inclemency of the weather, until Monday night, January 4th 1875.

The entertainment, from what we have seen of it at rehearsal, promises to be one of the finest ever given in Jacksonville. The play selected—the great tragedy of Bertram—will be finely presented in every part by the best amateur talent of the place. The farce is exceedingly good.

Let everybody turn out on Monday night.

By an oversight the notice of the fine concert entertainment given by Prof. Snow and class, for the benefit of the fire company, was not inserted in last week's issue. We have heard it spoken of on all sides as the most delightful of the season and creditable in a high degree to the teacher and pupils. We trust that at no distant day the young folks will consent to favor our citizens with another such entertainment.

A Jacksonville Sunday School teacher says it is impossible for a Sunday school scholar, with a will, to satisfactorily fasten his mind down even upon the simplest exposition of the sublime of salvation.

Have you Goldsmith's Greece? asked a school girl of a clerk in town, the other day. No said the clerk reflectively, "we have n't Goldsmith's Greece, but we have some splendid hair oil."

Select Female School.

THE EXERCISES OF Mrs. Belknap's Select Female School will be resumed on MONDAY the 1st day of FEBRUARY, 1875.

One of the most pleasant features of the Christmas holiday here was the Christmas tree in the M. E. Church, from which all kinds of Christmas gifts were dispensed to the expectant children and some older persons. The presents to the old people were of this most grotesque and ridiculous character calculated to excite mirth and lend an additional charm to the enjoyment of the happy evening.

An amusing case of petit larceny came before Justice Forney, Thursday. Bill Hudspa (slightly colored) charged with Green (a little more colored) with stealing from him a pet coon. The evidence was voluminous. A decision had not been rendered at this writing.

A young fellow in Jacksonville wanted to christen his "gal" 20 cents for his picture, informing her at the time that it originally cost a quarter.

Not a single difficulty occurred here, of any consequence, during the Christmas holidays. So it is reported in the State.

That a piece of fiction and fiction, JAMES VICK, of Rochester, N. Y. has favored us with a copy of his Quarterly Catalogue, containing several hundred pages, and five hundred beautiful illustrations. This catalogue can be had for the year by forwarding to Mr. Vick 20 cents. We most heartily commend him to our lady friends, who are admirers of flowers, birdland, roses, shrubbery, &c.

INSURANCE.—We see by the signs on each side of the door, that Mr. Wm. T. Alexander, has the Agency for the "Georgia Home," located at Columbus, Ga., and the "Home Protection," Huntsville, Ala. Both these companies are safe and reliable, having abundant capital to meet all emergencies; and Mr. Alexander is well known as an experienced, competent, correct and reliable agent.

ONE PRICE TO ALL.

The New York WORLD.

THE DEMOCRATIC PAPER OF NEW YORK.

THE CHEAPEST AND BEST.

POSTAGE PAID BY U.S.

The Weekly World, One Year \$1.

An extra copy to get-up-of club of ten.

The Semi-Weekly to get-up-of club of twenty.

The Daily to get-up-of club of fifty.

All the news of the past seven days is given in the weekly edition of the World.

The weekly edition of the World is a continuation of the news daily special features presented expressly for it. The Grange division of every week the latest news of the world and of the Nation. The agricultural department presents the latest experience and experiences of practical agriculturists and reports of the Farmer's Club of the American Institute, letters from practical farmers, and interesting discussions of profitable farming.

The page for the family furnishes a subject and amusement for the family during the long winter evenings. Full and trustworthy live stock country produce market reports show the state of trade.

The semi Weekly World One Year

Two Dollars

An extra copy to get-up-of club of ten.

The Daily to get-up-of club of twenty.

The Semi-Weekly contains Purveys and (Fridays) all the contents of the Weekly, one or two first rate novels during the year and all the cream of the Daily World.

"THE WORLD," AND ITS WORK.

(Blightman Leader.)

Those of our Democratic friends who desire to subscribe for a New York Paper will find one that equals The World in ability, or that so fearlessly and clearly advocates Democratic principles. In the news from all parts of the world it is complete and its editorials as on all subjects are vigorous and logical. To the farmer it is invaluable, teaching him many things that tend to promote his best interests which he sorely needs to beget work to do. The World is now doing a great work in behalf of the Democratic party, and should be fully sustained.

NEWSPAPER

The World is published at No. 50 Park Row, New York.

Address, "THE WORLD,"

50 Park Row, New York.

Jan. 2, 1875—4t.

See advertisement of Foster's Second Text Gold and Land Distribution.

Big Invention.

Lloyd, famous map man, who made all the maps for General Grant and the Union army, certifies of which he published, has just invented a way of getting a relief plate from steel so as to print Lloyd's Map of American Outlines—showing from ocean to ocean—an entire sheet of bank note paper, 40x 50 inches large, on a lightning press, and colored, sized and varnished for the wall so as to stand washing, and waiting anywhere in the world for 25 cents, or unvarnished for 10 cents. This map shows the whole United States and Territories in a group, from surveys to 1875, with a million places on it, such as towns, cities, villages, mountains, lakes, rivers, streams, gold mines, railway stations, &c. This map should be in every house. Send 25 cents to the Lloyd Map Company, Philadelphia, and you will get a copy by return mail.

A Fortune For One Dollar!

One Gift is Guaranteed to one of every eleven consecutive numbers.

50,000 for One Dollar.

"NOW IS YOUR TIME."

Dame Fortune helps those who help themselves.

50,000 Tickets at \$1.00 each, numbered from 1 to 500,000 inclusive. The exceedingly low price of Ticket brings it within the reach of all.

GRAND GIFT CONCERT

In Aid of Public Improvements in the city of Denison, Texas.

The Texas Gift Concert Association

Will give a Grand Concert

Thursday, December 3, 1874.

And will distribute to the Ticket holders

\$25,000 IN GIFTS.

Depository, First National Bank, Denison.

Distribution to commence at 8 o'clock.

Enter the Concert. Managers of the distribution chosen by the Ticket holders and prominent citizens.

LIST OF GIFTS:

Grand Cash Gift, \$50,000

1 do do do \$10,000

1 do do do \$5,000

1 do do do \$2,500

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THE NEW-YORK TRIBUNE

The Leading American Newspaper.

FOUNDED BY HORACE GREELEY.

In the recent elections the people have declared in favor of honesty in politics and independence in journalism. The Tribune which years ago declared that it was not and never more would be a party organ, claims the verdict as the popular vindication of its course and recognizes in the result the voice of the people for reform and integrity. In government, for candor and independence among newspapers. During the campaign which has just closed the Tribune has fully maintained its right to the title of "Leading American Newspaper." This position it has earned and retains for the following among other reasons:

Its publication of the news earlier, more fully, and more intelligently than any other paper.

Its reports on peace throughout the whole country, the right of local self-government, and the protection of all classes in the exercise of their just legal rights.

It advocates confidence and good feeling between North and South, and toward all public men and questions, and dignity and courtesy toward associates and rivals.

It publishes scientific news, reports, discussions and discoveries to a degree of fullness and accuracy never before attained by any paper.

It gives every week ten or more columns of the most carefully prepared agricultural matter during the year, much more in the entire contents of any other agricultural publication, and the whole forming a department of which an eminent agricultural editor said: "It has done more to make good farmers than any other influence which ever existed."

It has published a series of scientific and literary extracts which have met a wider sale and more emphatic approval than any similar publication of the kind.

WHAT THE SOUTHERN PRESS SAY OF THE TRIBUNE.

We consider THE TRIBUNE a very valuable paper.—(Asheville (N. C.) Citizen.)

THE NEW-YORK TRIBUNE in its faithful and searching exposure of outrage, slanders on Alabama and other States, has done immense service to truth and justice.—(Montgomery (Ala.) News.)

We thank THE NEW-YORK TRIBUNE for its many and powerful words in demanding justice for the people of Alabama.—(Montgomery (Ala.) News.)

The New-York Tribune is the world's newspaper. It combines the dignity and sagacity of the London Times with the representative news enterprise of American papers.—(Baltimore (Md.) Sun.)

A paper to be read in the independence of tone and its reliability of news.—(Baltimore (Md.) Sun.)

Any one who reads the first-class paper which keeps fully up with the times in literature, science and art should subscribe for THE TRIBUNE.—(Baltimore (Md.) Sun.)

The New-York Tribune.—The Jacksonville (Fla.) News South.

To-day THE NEW-YORK TRIBUNE is undoubtedly the first of its kind in the world; whatever may be said of its rivals, it has clearly won precedence of all, and very evidently does it represent the journalism of the country.

The Tribune is a newspaper with all the topics coming within the range of a newspaper. THE TRIBUNE makes a specialty of the great subject of agriculture. It becomes therefore a matter of course to read the country that the direction of the ideas of this vast section should be in able and conscientious hands and matter for congratulation that the famous newspaper par excellence has the high standing of THE TRIBUNE.—(The N. Y.) South.

THE NEW-YORK TRIBUNE is doing a great work in popularizing Science, by the publication of all the latest and greatest discoveries in the domain of science.

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REMINGTON.

The Remington Sewing Machine

has sprung rapidly into favor as possessing the combination of good qualities namely

Light, running, smooth, noiseless, rapid, durable with perfect Lock Stitch.

It is a Shuttle-Machine with Automatic Drop Feed. Design beautiful and construction the very best.

GOOD AGENTS WANTED. SEND NO ANSWER.

Address REMINGTON SEWING MACHINE CO. LYON, N. Y.

BRANCH OFFICES OF REMINGTON COMPANIES.

281 & 283 Broadway, New York Arms.

Chicago, 237 State St. S. Mech. Arts Bldg.

Boston, 332 Washington St. Sewing M.

Cincinnati, 181 West 4th St. Sewing M.

Atlanta, Ga., DeGraw's Old Store.

St. Louis, 517 N. 3rd St. Sewing M.

Washington D. C. 521 7th St. Sewing M.

Dec. 19—24.

BOOTS SHOES AND LEATHER.

We have a large stock of FRESH GOODS in our line, purchased direct of the Manufacturers, which we offer as Low as the Lowest.

We call particular attention to our line of HAND MADE BOOTS & GAITERS. Women's strong and fine Shoes. Children's fine GOAT SKIN Shoes.

We pay the highest CASH PRICE For Hides.

M. F. GOVAN & CO.

JOHN M. CROOK.

EMMET F. CROOK.

New Dry Goods & Grocery House

AT ALEXANDRIA, ALA.

CROOK & BROTHER have just opened at their Store Room on

main street, a large and well selected stock of

DRY GOODS,

Embracing every variety of

STAPLE GOODS, CLOTHING,

HATS, BOOTS, SHOES, Hard

ware, Crockery, &c.

ALSO, A FULL STOCK OF

The Jacksonville Republican

VOLUME 38

JACKSONVILLE, ALABAMA, SATURDAY, JANUARY 9, 1908

NO. 1068

The Republican

J. F. & L. W. GRANT.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:
For one year in advance, \$3.00
For six months in advance, \$1.75
For three months in advance, \$1.00

TERMS OF ADVERTISING:
One square of 10 lines, first insertion, \$1.00
Second insertion, 50c
Third insertion, 25c
Over one square, 25c per line per week
Over one square, 25c per line per week
Over one square, 25c per line per week

ANNOUNCEMENT OF CANDIDATES:
For County Offices, \$1.00
For State Offices, \$2.00
For Federal Offices, \$3.00

COMMUNICATIONS AFFECTING THE CLAIMS OF CANDIDATES:
For County Offices, \$1.00
For State Offices, \$2.00
For Federal Offices, \$3.00

RATES OF ADVERTISING:
One square of 10 lines, first insertion, \$1.00
Second insertion, 50c
Third insertion, 25c
Over one square, 25c per line per week
Over one square, 25c per line per week
Over one square, 25c per line per week

JOHN FORSTER, WM. H. FORNEY.

FOSTER & FORNEY,

Attorneys at Law,

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Will practice the counties of Calhoun, Talladega, Randolph, St. Clair, Cherokee, DeKalb and the Supreme Court of the State. dec23-1905

M. J. TURNLEY & SON,

Attorneys at Law,

AND SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY.

N. W. Corner of the Public Square, next door to Woodward's Store, Jacksonville, Ala.

Will practice in the counties of St. Clair, Etowah, DeKalb, Cherokee, Calhoun, Crenshaw and Talladega—Supreme Court of the State and U. S. District Court.

WM. M. THAMES, N. T. MARTIN.

HAMES & MARTIN,

Attorneys at Law,

AND SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY.

No. 2 Office Row, Jacksonville.

Will practice in all the Courts of Law and Equity in the counties of the 12th Judicial circuit, consisting of Calhoun, Crenshaw, St. Clair, Etowah and Cherokee, and the Supreme Court of the State. my10-1907

JAMES CROOK,

Attorney at Law,

AND SOLICITOR IN CHANCERY.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Will practice in all the Courts of the 12th Judicial Circuit, the Supreme Court of the State and the U. S. District Court. aug10-1907

A. WOODS,

Attorney at Law,

AND SOLICITOR IN CHANCERY.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Will practice in all the Courts of the 12th Judicial Circuit, the Supreme Court of the State and the U. S. District Court. aug10-1907

JOHN M. CALDWELL,

Attorney at Law,

AND SOLICITOR IN CHANCERY.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Special attention given to the collection of claims. aug10-1907

H. I. STEVENSON,

Attorney at Law,

GRAND AVENUE, JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

DR. J. M. FRANKLIN,

Physician and Surgeon,

Office, Jacksonville, Ala. 1217-1717

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THE PEASANT BOY.

There was a boy, in that step of time,

Whom the world had never seen before.

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Whom the world had never seen before.

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NANCY'S ENGAGEMENT.

They hung heavy plumes of purple

Upon the gateway at that bright

Afternoon—the first of June. A charitable

housewife, seated in a high-backed

chair, looked out from the doorway

at a little brown hand that had a

moment ago, ruthlessly stripped off half its

blossoms.

But the owner of the hand had

already turned away with a look of

back and a look of her pink calico

dress that showed the butterflies

and before the butterfly back she was

hastening up the trim garden path

and, flinging back a sharp speech over

her shoulder, she was gone. The

little brown hand, which had been

so lately so busy, was now

clutching a small, round, red

apple, and the owner of the hand

was now, with a look of her pink

calico dress that showed the

butterflies and before the butterfly

back she was hastening up the

trim garden path and, flinging

back a sharp speech over her

shoulder, she was gone. The little

brown hand, which had been so

lately so busy, was now clutching

a small, round, red apple, and

the owner of the hand was now,

with a look of her pink calico

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and before the butterfly back she

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a small, round, red apple, and

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with a look of her pink calico

dress that showed the butterflies

and before the butterfly back she

was hastening up the trim garden

THE PRICE OF LIBERTY IS DEAR.

There was a boy, in that step of time,

Whom the world had never seen before.

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THE TORTILLA.

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There was a boy, in that step of time,

Whom the world had never seen before.

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Republican

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Valley Farms For Sale!

I have four Farms I wish to sell. Will sell cheap and on liberal terms. Farms consist of 80, 160, 200 and 300 acres each respectively—all improved, well timbered and watered—and some of the best lands in the county. These lands lie from one to ten miles from Jacksonville; all on or near public roads. I will sell a bargain in either of the above farms. I also have three good houses and lots in the town of Jacksonville, Ala., that I will sell a bargain in and on favorable terms. I invite all who want a house in old Calhoun to come and see or address me for further information.

L. J. PARR
Jacksonville, Ala.
January 9, 1875.

TO FARMERS!!!!

Take due notice and govern yourselves accordingly. I am prepared to furnish GUANO and wait until next November for the money.

Will allow 15 cts. per LB. for Middling Cottons, in payment for Guano. Give your orders soon, or you may fail to get.—L. J. PARR.

Col. Parr is receiving daily a full line of family supplies, among his thousand and one articles you will find all kinds of sweet meats for instance,

Cod Fish,—
Mince meat,—
Herring,—
Cheese, and MACARONI.

Onions,—
Irish Potatoes,—
Dried Beef,—
Fresh Pork and Sausage.

Let the hungry come they shall be filled.

The American Sardinia Co's Boneless Sardines, are much better and less than half the cost of imported Sardines.

For Sale or Exchange.

I desire to sell my House and Lot on the Public Square in the town of Jacksonville, Ala., or to Exchange it for a Farm in this County. Parties desiring to exchange Land for Town property will do well to apply. The Store House is for Rent during the year 1875, unless otherwise disposed of.

Mrs. M. E. ROWLAND.
Dec. 22, 1874.—2t.

BRICKS—Persons desiring Brick, of any kind, by calling on Marshall Pruitt can be accommodated at reasonable prices. The Bricks were burned at Capt. Peter Hines' kiln. Dec. 31, 1874.—4t.

TO EVERYBODY, AND EVERYBODY ELSE.

The year 1874 has passed away and now we expect EVERY ONE who is indebted to us to come forward and make a settlement. Not only do we NEED THE MONEY but it is necessary that our Books for the past year should be balanced. If your account is but a few cents come and pay it. We hope our friends will be prompt in making payments; and that no one who has not paid his account for 1874 must ask for CREDIT now, as we shall be compelled to refuse them. A word to the wise is sufficient.

W. T. ALEXANDER.

GREAT "MENAGERIE."

ALEXANDER'S NEW STOCK.

HATS, Umbrellas, Trunks and Ready-made Clothing lower, at ALEXANDER'S.

WHITE and OPERA Flannels at Greatly Reduced Prices.

AT ALEXANDER'S.

Remember that ALEXANDER is selling good "Brogan Shoes" at \$1.50.

BOOTS & SHOES, a great variety for sale. Cheap for Cash. AT ALEXANDER'S.

GREAT Reduction in the prices of Woolen Goods at ALEXANDER'S.

A NEW LOT of Hosiery, and Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Gents Cravats, "PERFUMERY," &c., just received, and for sale "Cheap for Cash." AT ALEXANDER'S.

DON'T ALL COME "at Once." But if you can "SILENCE" in and pay your account at ALEXANDER'S, just do so.

It is useless to attempt to cleanse a stream while the fountain is impure. Dyspepsia, complaint of the liver or kidneys, eruptions of the skin, scrofula, and all diseases arising from impure blood, are at once removed by Dr. WALKER'S CATAPLASM VINOUS BATHS, purifier of the blood, and renovator of the system. It has never been known to fail.

Rev. Mr. Whitten preaches on SUNDAY at the Methodist church.

Calhoun Grange meets at this Court House, to-day, Saturday, at 10 o'clock a. m. Let every member turn out.

Mansfield Scott and Berry Terman are the names of the colored men who voted the Democratic ticket in Rabbit Town Beat.

If you want a nice article of chewing Tobacco, call upon Col. Parr for the Sundry South brand.

Hammonds has opened the Jacksonville Hotel for the accommodation of the traveling public. His advertisement will appear soon.

Dick Walker engages in the (tonorial) art and dyes young men's mustaches in the Jacksonville Hotel.

The Post Office has been removed from the brick corral to the opposite side of the street.

Maj. Abernathy is wondering why the the of his white tailed cows have all been shaved. The white bearded actors in the drama the 6th night might "a tale unfold" on the subject.

A white Oon was caught by Messrs. Shelt, Stevenson and George Rowland one night last week. This is the first oon of this color ever caught in this county. He must have heard of the elections in this State and changed his color to suit the times.

LEE ALEXANDER is as POLITE as ever. May he live long and prosper, as he so richly deserves.

A deer was caught by a party of hunters, near Alexandria, after a race of over six hours. The deer started on its run near this place and ran over twelve miles before it was overtaken. The bounds in pursuit were so wearied that the hunters were at times compelled to lift them over high fences. The chase through the streets of Alexandria was particularly exciting.

TO MASTERS OF GRANGES.—The charters of the several Granges of this county have been forwarded to me for distribution. They will be delivered to Masters or their order upon application to this office, or to

J. H. FRANCIS.

The new commissioners court assembled here on Monday last. The new members wear their honors *otum cum dignitate*, and have gone to business with a will. The members of the court visited the Poor House on Tuesday and inspected that institution. The object of the meeting of the court at this session is to fix the boundaries of the different beats of the county.

A man in Jacksonville the other day dreamed that his aunt was dead and awoke to find that his dream had proven true. He immediately composed himself to rest and tried the same game on his mother-in-law, but the old thing didn't work worth a cent.

Marshall Pruitt did a good thing the other night at the entertainment at the College, when he announced that the bad boys who had heretofore disturbed assemblies by their cat calls and yells would be put out of the Hall if it was repeated on that evening. The boys were unusually quiet. Let the good work continue.

On Monday last not a single newspaper was received at this Post Office. This thing of irregularity in the mails to this place is becoming annoying. Frequently the Montgomery and Selma papers fail to come to land, while the Northern papers are returned from below after they have become several days old. Somebody is getting careless. Stop it.

Among the gentlemen who have paid amounts on subscription account within the past ten days, we have the honor to mention Messrs. A. M. Stewart, Jas. M. Amberson, Robert Nougher, D. L. Wolf, J. C. Boles, Irvin Martin, F. Crow, J. D. Privett, J. H. Gilleland, H. L. Stevenson, Gid. H. Harrison, Rev. K. T. Smyth, W. A. Driskill, L. J. Parr, W. T. Alexander, P. Rowan. If by possibility any names have been omitted from this list that should have appeared in it, parties will please call our attention to the fact and their names will appear in the next list. We propose to continue this character of publication from week to week.

The Dramatic entertainment at the College on Monday night was attended by a large number of the good citizens of Jacksonville; although the weather was very unfavorable and the streets muddy. Those who ventured out however were fully repaid for their trouble. It has rarely been my good fortune to witness an entertainment where the legitimate drama was presented truer to the life. The play was Maturin's "Bertram," and I have seen professional actors and actresses fall short of the presentation of this drama on last Monday night by the amateurs of this place. Mr. Crook as Bertram seemed almost to forget that he was acting and threw so much feeling into his words that the real Bertram could have produced no more effect upon the audience.

In the scene where for the first time he discovers Imogene, in the halls of his mortal enemy, and it flashes across his mind that his love is the wife of Albrand. When he exclaims: "What dost thou in the halls of Albrand? Infernal light doth shoot athwart my mind—Sweet thou art a dependent on his house. That chance or force or society brought thee hither. Thou canst not be my thrall; I swear it."

Well, having no plague—Oh no thou dost not do it! the acting of Mr. Crook as well as Miss Hoke held the audience in breathless silence and attention—and in the closing scene, where Bertram is surrounded by his enemies who are ready to

kill him, and while over the bodies of Imogene piteously calling upon her to speak to him and finding that "she speaks no more," the actor crowns his triumph of the evening by stabbing himself and with a burst of wild exultation he dies exclaiming: "I died no felon's death—A warrior's weapon found a warrior's soul."

Miss Annie Courtney Hoke as Imogene displayed rare histrionic talent.—She had one of the most difficult of characters to personate—A woman wedded to one man when her heart belonged to another. The great weight of her affliction ever present in her mind, she finally meets the object of her love. The tragic scenes that follow prove too much for her to bear and like Ophelia in Hamlet she becomes a maniac, and in the fitful change of mood of the unfortunate she laughs and shrieks in seeming joy and grief. I warrant that Mrs. Sloan in the Park Theatre when Boothe acted the part of Bertram, did not surpass Miss Hoke in her acting in many of the scenes.

Mr. Stevenson as Prior of St. Anselm was inevitable in every respect. If a convent were near this place you would have sworn that the old Prior himself had come to take the part. Clotilda and Tereza personated respectively, by Misses Crook and Abernathy were excellent. Mr. Grant, as St. Albrand, fully sustained the character.

Messrs. Parr and Woodward as Monks, and Messrs. Mitroff and Stevenson as Robbers acted well their parts.

Mr. Hudson, as Pietro, fully understood and was excellent in his part. Master Ed. Crook as the Page of Albrand spoke with spirit and distinctness unusual for his years and a better selection for this character could not have been made. Little Flournoy Crook as the child of Imogene was splendid.

The galaxy of beauty upon the stage when all the lady characters appeared was bewildering. The dresses were the perfection of taste and beauty, the movements of the ladies the embodiment of grace and the *tout ensemble* the height of charming loveliness.

The evening's entertainment at the conclusion of the drama, was enlivened by a character song "Old Black Joe" by Master Eubank Laird. Emmet's make up was perfect and his singing would have made Cal. Wagner ashamed of himself. Emmet was encored and came back and sang a ridiculous song "saw my leg off short" which brought the house down.

The fun was continued by the acting of a lively farce entitled the Dutchman's Ghost, in which "Hans" the Dutchman personated by Mr. Will Stevenson, insisted on all occasions, "Dat it was all thrigt."

Mr. Horace Stevenson as the hen-pecked husband, who had learned to let his better-half have her own way, though he tried at times to get in "word edge-ways," showed that he had capacity for acting comedy as well as tragedy.

Miss MARY A. FORNEY as the base of the family who wanted it distinctly understood that she run the machine in her house, was perfect in her acting. Miss ABERNATHY as the daughter of the associating mother who wanted her to marry "Hans" because he had money and plenty of cobins, played the part of injured innocence to perfection. Mr. Woodward as the chivalrous lover and Mr. Parr as his friend to aid him in his matrimonial schemes was true to the life.

As the curtain fell on the last scene, all felt that a pleasant evening had been spent and many were surprised at the talent displayed by the *little fellows* who had consented to lend their aid in the advancement of the great and good cause to which the proceeds of the evening are to be appropriated. Mr. Crook announced that the entertainment would be repeated on the first fair evening after Tuesday night. I bespeak for the entertainment, when it does come off a full house.

The music of the young gentlemen afforded during the evening was excellent. J. H. F.

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SEND for a GUIDE & MAP of this route, which will be sent free, by addressing the General Ticket Agent, International & Great Northern Railroad, Houston, Tex. Jan. 9, 1875.—1y.

Manhood! How Lost, How Restored!

Just published, a new edition of Dr. CULVERWELL'S Celebrated Essay on the radical cure (without medicine) of Syphilis, Gonorrhea, or Venereal Infection, Seminal Losses, Urinary, Mental and Physical Impairment, Impotency to Marry, etc.; also Consumption, Rheumatism and Erysipelas, due to self-indulgence or sexual extravagance. Price, in a sealed envelope, only six cents.

The celebrated author, in this admirable Essay, clearly demonstrates, from a thirty years' successful practice, that the alarming consequences of self-abuse may be radically cured without the dangerous use of Mercury, medicine or the application of the knife; pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically. This Lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land. Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, on receipt of a cent of postage stamps.

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JOSEPH E. VEAL,

No. 27, SMITH'S BLOCK,

IS JUST RECEIVING A SPLENDID STOCK OF

Gold Watches,

Jewelry, Silver-Ware.

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Repairing in all its Branches.

ROME, GA., Jan. 9, 1875.—1y.

JOHN M. CROOK.

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New Dry Goods & Grocery House

AT ALEXANDRIA, ALA.

CROOK & BROTHER have just opened at their Store Room on main street, a large and well selected stock of

DRY GOODS,

Embracing every variety of STAPLE GOODS, CLOTHING, HATS, BOOTS, SHOES, Hardware, Crockery, &c.

ALSO, A FULL STOCK OF

Family Groceries.

We have bought our Goods for Cash, since the Great Decline, and are enabled to offer our patrons superior inducements.

Our terms are STRICTLY CASH. Highest Prices paid for COUNTRY PRODUCE, in exchange for every description of Goods and Groceries.

Call and see us before purchasing elsewhere. Alexandria, Ala., Nov. 21, 1874.—1y.

BOOTS SHOES AND LEATHER.



We have a large Stock of FRESH GOODS in our line, purchased direct of the Manufacturers which we offer as Low as the Lowest.

We call particular attention to our fine line of HAND MADE BOOTS & GAITERS. Women's strong unlined Shoes. Childrens fine GOAT SKIN Taps.

We pay the highest CASH PRICE For Hides. M. F. GOVAN & Co.

New Books and Fancy Articles

FOR THE

HOLIDAY TRADE.

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BOOKSELLER & STATIONER.

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HAS JUST RECEIVED A splendid line of "Christmas and Holiday" GOODS, bought for CASH at PANIC PRICES, and will be sold for a very small Advance for Cash. Miscellaneous Books, Bibles, Prayer and Hymn Books, Photograph Albums, Gift and Juvenile Books, Writing Desks, Work Boxes, China, Bohemian and Glass Vases; Toilet Sets, Card Cases, Brackets, China, Tin and Rubber Toys, Games and many novelties of the season too tedious to mention.

300 Beautiful Paintings and Chromos at Half the usual prices, ranging from 10 cents to \$45.00 each. PIANOS, Organ, Music Boxes, Sheet Music, Violin and Guitar Strings, etc. 1,000 Copies "Bill Arp's New Book Peace Papers." Copies mailed to any address \$1.50 post paid. The trade furnished at New York wholesale prices.

J. S. KELLY.

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

AND

Notary Public,

O. FORD, ALABAMA.

Courts hold the first Monday in each month, except December and June, in which two months the Court is held on the first Tuesdays.

July 16, 1873.

Southern & Acclimated

FRUIT TREES,

At Tailadega Nurseries.

We can furnish, at a low price, Apple, Peach, Pear, Plum, Cherry, Apricot and Nutmeg Trees, Raspberries, Strawberries, Roses, Hedge plants, Evergreens, Deciduous trees and shrubs. Apple and Peach trees No. 1, \$15.00 per h. Strawberries, \$2.00 per h. and the most productive and profitable. \$1.00 per h. and \$2.00 per h. Other products at corresponding rates. Apply for Catalogue.

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WYLY HOUSE,

South-east Corner Public Square,

Jacksonville, Ala.

THIS House is located at the old Forney corner. It has recently been fitted up for a general hotel. The traveling public are respectfully invited to give it a call. It is our pride and intention to make it one of the best hotels in the up country, and we will use our best endeavors to make every one comfortable and their stay pleasant while with us. J. M. WYLY. Feb. 14, 1874.—1y.

NEW BRICK HOTEL.

The undersigned is now prepared to accommodate the traveling public.

S. C. KELLY, Prop.

LIVERY AND SALE STABLE

Sign of the Horned Horse, OXFORD, ALA.

S. C. KELLY.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,

Calhoun county,

Probate Court, Dec. 26, 1874.

G. B. McElathery, deceased, Estate.

THIS day came W. W. McElathery, administrator of the estate of G. B. McElathery, deceased, and filed his account, vouchers and evidence for an annual settlement of said estate. It is ordered that the day of February, 1875, be appointed a day on which to make such settlement, at which time all persons interested can appear and contest the said settlement, if they think proper.

L. W. CANNON, Judge of Probate, Jan. 2, 1875.—3t.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

W. T. ALEXANDER

Is daily receiving NEW GOODS of all kinds in addition to his already heavy stock of

GROCERIES,

HARDWARE,

CROCKERY,

HATS, CAPS,

BOOTS, SHOES,

STAPLE AND FANCY

DRY GOODS,

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Come and examine his large and well assorted stock.

ALL GOODS AT THE VERY LOWEST CASH PRICES.

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Wholesale & Retail Grocers,

No. 11, SHORTER BLOCK, ROME, GA.

A FULL LINE OF PLAIN AND FANCY

GROCERIES,

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Bacon, Lard, Flour, Coffee, Su-

gar, Cheese, Syrup, Salt,

Bagging, Ties, &c.

Cigars and Tobacco a Speciality!

We Buy and Sell STRICTLY FOR CASH.

Rome, Ga., October 3, 1874.—6m.

NEW CHAIR & BEDSTEAD

FACTORY.

WE HAVE Placed in position, and have now in full, and in operation a complete set of MACHINERY, for Manufacturing Chairs of the best quality, and fine finish. Also have added a large lot of Machinery, for making BEDSTEADS, and are now turning out CHAIRS AND BEDSTEADS with increased rapidity, and will be able to supply the trade. Orders solicited and promptly filled. Apply to ROWAN, DEAN & CO., Jacksonville, Ala.

W. C. & W. A. SCARBROUGH, White Plains, Ala.

C. J. COOPER, Oxford, Ala.

Or the Undersigned at Morrisville, E. H. MORRIS: Nov. 24, 1874.

CLOVER, GRASS & GARDEN SEEDS.

Large stock of Clover, Orchard, Grass, Blue Grass, Timothy and Garden Seed, just received and for sale low for cash. Also, Onion Sets and Onion Buttons.

Paints, Oils, Varnishes,

Window Glass, Drugs,

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WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,

Broad Street,

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Lime and Cement Works,

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The LIME made these works is equal for all Agricultural and Mechanical purposes to any offered for sale.

The Hydraulic Cement

Is a very superior article, hardening under water, and quite equal to any other Cement offered in the market. These Works are situated

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one and a fourth miles north of Kingston, Barrow county, Ga., and being amply supplied with native material of best quality, offers superior inducements to dealers in Lime and Cement.

Orders solicited. Address

GEORGE H. WARING, Kingston, Ga.

September 6, 1873.—1y.

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Druggists and Apothecaries,

OXFORD, ALA.

KEEP constantly on hand a large Stock of PURE DRUGS and CHEMICALS, together with a great variety of STANDARD PATENT MEDICINES.

PAINTS, OILS, WINDOW GLASS, PUTTY &c.

GIVE us a call in person or by order. We guarantee Satisfaction. Physicians supplied at a very short advance on New York Prices. Jan. 2.—1y.

REMINGTON.

The REMINGTON Sewing Machine has sprung rapidly into favor as possessing the combination of good qualities namely

Light running, smooth, noiseless, rapid, durable with perfect Lock Stitch!

It is a Shuttle Machine with Automatic Drop Feed. Design beautiful and construction the very best.

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Dec. 19—2m.

Business in his line solicited.

appointees of Kellogg, from office, and their attempted protection by colored persons, which led to some fighting, in which quite a number

[illegible]

of the nation. U. S. GRANT, Col. Under Date, at New Haven, Executive Mansion, Jan. 14, 1875. preaching on "Hell Closed for Repairs"

"and so greatly absorbed in my book
that I did not see a thing."

... ..

THE REPUBLICAN.

SATURDAY, JANUARY 23, 1875

Constitutional Convention.

The question of holding a Constitutional Convention is exciting a good deal of interest at present, in the minds of the people as well as members of the Legislature. Our correspondent from Montgomery doubtless gives a fair synopsis of the arguments used both for and against the policy of providing for holding a Convention at this time. From this it is manifest that the arguments used against holding a convention are both weak and untenable. It is almost universally admitted that necessary reforms, and wise and just legislation is very much hampered and in some respects totally prevented by the present Constitution. This being the case, the first question to settle is whether it is cheaper and better to attempt amendment by the Legislature or a convention. It is contended by some of our wisest Statesmen that the work could be accomplished more speedily and cheaply by a convention than by amending the time of the Legislature, and it is certain the work would be more thorough and perfect. To patch up a defective Constitution is like mending an old garment with new cloth, by which the rent may be made worse. We would advise those democratic members who are afraid to submit the question to the people, lest a majority might be against them in the next election, or their motives and purposes misconstrued at home or abroad, to adopt Crockett's motto, "Be sure you are right, then go ahead." We have never known an individual or body of men to gain any thing by taking counsel of their fears, instead of being governed by principles of justice and justice. A farmer would not be considered wise who would fail to plant through fear of a future unfavorable season; and it would be useless for a party ever to elect a majority, if they fail to act through fear that their majority could not be retained. It is certainly not democratic to refuse to submit the question of a change in the organic law to the people. They can vote for or against at little cost or trouble. If they vote against, then it is all right; if they vote for, then they have a right to have their will carried out.

The committee sent by Congress to investigate the condition of affairs in Louisiana, have reported the exact opposite of what a Radical Congress wished and expected to hear. They report after the most full and fair investigation, public and private, no lawlessness on the part of White League or any other class of citizens. No irregularity, or frauds in the election, except on the part of the Returning Board, whose action in turning out Conservatives fairly elected and putting in Radicals not elected, they declare to have been "arbitrary, unjust and illegal." They further say: "As a whole we are constrained to say that the intimidation charged is not borne out by the facts before us. No general intimidation of Republican voters was established. No colored man was produced who had been threatened or assaulted by any Conservative because of political opinion, charged with employment or refused employment."

In other respects the report is equally contrary to what they expected. It reminded us of Balak trying to get Balaam to curse the Israelites. But Congress has sent back another committee. They ought to tell them this time exactly what they must say.

Sheridan calls the intelligent, decent and respectable conservative population banditti. He would have come nearer the truth if he had said the whole government was in the hands of a banditti, and that he wanted authority to try, condemn and execute all who would not bow the knee to the Radical Baal.

[Special Correspondence Republican.]

FROM THE CAPITOL.

MONTGOMERY, Jan. 18, 1875. The General Assembly has done but little this week. The death of Hon. R. H. Erwin, Senator from Wilcox County has produced a gloom that is felt by all. On Friday the House and Senate adjourned without transacting any business, out of respect to the deceased, and on Saturday but little else was done in either House, other than the pronouncing of eulogies. Dr. Erwin was the speaker pro tem. of the Senate, and was a universal favorite with all who knew him, and his death produces the most profound sorrow. During the time the eulogies were made in the Senate the scenes were solemn and impressive. Frequently there were but few dry eyes in the chamber. The white as well as the negro members bore testimony of the good qualities of the distinguished dead, and all seemed anxious to pay respect to his memory. A democrat, he was elected from one of the most radical districts in the State. A negro will in all probability fill his place. Our majority in the Senate however is so large, being now more than two-thirds, that this change will not affect the complexion of the body.

CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION.

The subject of calling a Constitutional Convention is at this time exciting the attention of all. The arguments pro and con are discussed in every circle, and great anxiety is felt upon the question. It is argued by those who favor calling a Convention, that the Constitution under which we now live is so framed that it prevents healthy legislation on any of the most vital interests of the State; that it prevents the abolition of many useless offices; that it prevents a change in the time of holding the State elections. This last is considered the most potent argument, as it is claimed that Federal interference will always prevent a fair election by the people. Grant, it is asserted, intends to run for a third term, and he will use bayonets as he has

used them in Louisiana, to further his aspirations, and gratify his ambition. It is also argued that the public schools consume too much of the revenue of the State, and that no change in the amount given to the schools can be had unless we are rid of the Constitution. To sum it all up, it is argued that the risks of the democrats in losing the State in 1876 is greater than the failure of the people to vote a new Constitution during this year.

Those opposed to calling a Convention all agree as to the necessity of a new Constitution, but say that it is impolitic and hazardous at this time to make the attempt, as a failure would prove disastrous to the party by reason of the expense incurred in the election, and the possible failure to ratify the Constitution, should the Convention carry. It is also urged that it is doubtful whether a majority of democratic delegates could be elected to the Convention. The people might not come to vote as they did in the last election, when so many interests were at stake, and the result might be similar to that of 1872. It is said a good election law can be passed by the present General Assembly, and the Federal election separated from the State by compelling electors to vote in their own beats. Alex White's bill before Congress, it is proper to say here, which will doubtless become a law, allows electors to vote for members of Congress in any County in the District in which they live.

The large fund paid by the State in support of public schools can be reduced by the payment of a lower rate of interest upon the trust fund of \$2,806,378.30 held by the State for the use of the public schools. There are those who say that many men will oppose a Convention for fear that the present exemption laws may be changed, and that in the election the debtor class will be arrayed against the creditor.

It is said too that the calling of a Convention will put the argument in the mouths of our enemies north, that we are still rebellious, and intend to deprive the negro of his rights, while this charge would be untrue still the bare fact stands out that we want to change the present Constitution which gives him his rights.

Altogether it is deemed extremely hazardous to call a Convention at this time. The advocates of a Convention propose to avoid many of the objections by declaring as a part of the democratic policy, their intention to make no change in the exemption and other laws that might cause a division of sentiment among the white people.

It can be safely set down however, that a majority of Democratic members at this time favor the calling of a Convention, and unless a change in the minds of members occurs, the question will be submitted to the people.

THE RESTRUCTURING BILL.

It is dividing interest somewhat with the Convention question. The committee appointed to consider and report a bill upon the subject fail to agree. Congressional aspirants it is asserted allow their wishes to override the people's interests. This change may be untrue, but it seems impossible for the members of the committee to come to an understanding. It is likely we will be thrown in the same District with Madison, and that we will lose Madison. Without any Gerrymandering, it is certain that by a judicious division of the Counties, the democrats can certainly carry six of the districts—leave the seventh to be fought for, and surrender the eighth without question to the negroes. It is a great mistake the Democratic party has made in this State in the past, that they have failed to exercise their power when they had an opportunity. If we were to give our opponents four out of the eight districts, they would claim that we had gerrymandered, and would fight just as hard if we gave them four as if we gave them but one. We have the power now, and ought to learn something from the enemy, who has never failed to freely apply the good when he has had us under the yoke, and come up to the full measure of our duty and the expectations of the people.

THE REVENUE BILL.

Comes up every day in the House, but I fear that it will take two or three months to pass it, if no greater progress is made than in the last week; up to this time, but two sections have been adopted, and there are about 150 sections more to be considered. Mr. Grant of Calhoun, while the bill was under consideration on Saturday, gave notice of his intention to move an amendment taxing Sleeping Car Companies in this State \$3,300.

FRANCIS.

FROM THE CAPITOL.

MONTGOMERY, ALA. Jan. 19, 1875. The House has gone to work as if they intended to do something. A large number of Senate bills were considered today and passed. No bill of general importance has been passed since my last letter. Among other bills to-day passed by the house, which has already passed the Senate, was a bill to punish County Superintendents for embezzlement of funds. The Board of Education at its last session passed a law requiring county Treasurers to pay over to the county Superintendents the funds paid them by Tax Collectors. It was to protect these funds that the present bill was passed.

SCHOOL TEACHERS.

Another bill was passed, making the separate estates of married women liable for tuition of children, in the same way as for contracts for necessities for the support of the family.

COUNTY OFFICERS' FEES.

The bill amending various sections of the Code, reducing the fees of County Officers, when it came up in the House, created considerable excitement. A number of members were on their feet in a moment, with motions to amend by excepting their counties from the provisions of the bill. It was suggested, that members were opposing a measure about which they knew nothing. The bill had not yet been read by the Clerk, except by its caption. The amendments were finally all withdrawn, the bill ordered to lie on the table and 150 copies ordered printed. It is evident the bill will not pass in its

present shape, should it pass at all. A number of members from poor counties, where there are honest officers who have not oppressed and swindled the people, as they have been in many of the more wealthy counties, where the Radicals are in the ascendancy, stated that the fees received by their officers were barely sufficient to pay the performance of duties imposed upon them by law.

COUNTY OFFICERS' BONDS.

This bill went to the Judiciary Committee. It will be likely to be passed by the Radical party measure. They know that if it passes, the provision requiring the sureties on bonds to live in the same county as the officer making it, will deprive a number of Radical officers in the negro counties, who are now, and have been paying Bankers and others, who make it a business to go on the bonds of such entities, a heavy rate of interest for the risk incurred. Of course the bill will become a law as soon as a vote can be had upon it.

REVENUE BILL.

This bill has not been under consideration for two days; other matters thrusting it aside. It will come up to-morrow at 12 M., and a few more, or may be one more session will be adopted.

CAUSE OF DELAY.

Our friends must not become restless because the Legislature does not progress more rapidly. The constitutional bill which requires a bill to be passed three times, on three different days, cannot be suspended to allow the bill to pass at once, except by a four-fifths majority, and this majority the democrats do not have.

When a bill goes to a second reading on a subsequent day it cannot be taken up out of its place except by a two-thirds majority, and the democratic members, who are in the majority, do not intend to do this. The order of business is such that the order of "bills on 1st and 2nd readings" may not be reached for weeks and they have been read a second time it may take weeks to get it to a third reading, and this special action is taken with each bill.

THE LITIGATION CASE.

The Supreme Court to-day decided that Mrs. Luke, an alien, could bring suit in her own name against Calhoun County for the murder of her husband by disguised persons, although the Legislature has repealed the *Ku Klux Klan* law, the law under which Mrs. Luke brings her suit for \$5,000, against the county. (The Supreme Court declines to pass upon the effect such action of the General Assembly will have on the cause, as the Supreme Court's jurisdiction is only review and appellate. The case goes back for another trial.)

But I have already written more than I intended and will close.

J. H. F.

Letter From Montgomery.

[FROM REGULAR CORRESPONDENT OF MOBILE REGISTER.]

MONTGOMERY, ALA., Thursday, January 14, 1875.

On last night your correspondent called upon Governor Houston for the purpose of ascertaining his views relative to the recent action of Sheridan and his soldiers in ejecting from their seats legally elected members of the General Assembly of Louisiana.

The Governor, always courteous in his manner, expressed a willingness to give his views on the subject, and said, in reply to the question: "What do you think of the action of Grant in the recent Louisiana outrage?" "No fair minded man can view the entrance of troops into the Legislative halls of any State, and the forcible expulsion of its members, without feeling a sense of indignation and a feeling of indignation of three guilty of such a palpable outrage. The constitution of the States generally—and it is so of the State of Louisiana—provide that each house of the General Assembly shall be the sole judge of the election and qualifications of its own members. The interference by the military authorities of the United States in the organization of the General Assembly or in determining who constitute its members, is a violation of the very first principles of Constitutional Republican government."

"How do you regard Sheridan's dispatch?" "As a misstatement of the facts. I can't see how Sheridan could have himself believed the evidence before him. A right-thinking man can have faith in his utterances with the evidence now before the public. The evidence in rebuttal of his statement, that the people were defiant to law and order in Louisiana, is overwhelming and conclusive."

"What will be the effect of the outrage upon the Republican party?" "It will unquestionably cause a division to some extent of that party, and will redound to the advantage of good government in all the States. Sheridan, Bristow and Fish resign their position in Grant's Cabinet the breach will be much widened."

"Do you believe that Grant has this term or tomorrow his aspirations?" "He has no aspirations as a President. The course he is pursuing may suggest that he is pursuing a policy towards Louisiana and his present policy towards the South is intended to put the Southern States under military rule, and if successfully carried out may prevent the election of those States in the electoral college. It is evidently his purpose to promote and force a state of things in the Southern States that will cause their votes to be thrown out in the presidential election."

"Will not the Northern people give expression of their condemnation of this policy by public meetings and prevent its being carried into effect?" "I believe they will condemn his policy. I have read the speech of Mr. Bryant at Cooper's Institute with much interest. The Conservative element of the country embracing the true merit of all parties are thoroughly aroused on this question, and their action will produce better results. Do not think it proper for the Democratic party as a mere party movement, to take exclusive action, but in all meetings in condemnation of the outrage all parties should be invited to participate."

"Do you believe Grant intends to forcibly seize the Government in 1876?" "He is attempting to force his way into the Presidential chair for a third term. Many of the Radicals, in my opinion, desire to get rid of Grant for a third term, and if matters had gone on in the usual way, they having Presidential aspirations, Grant would have been allowed to resign, and if necessary to accomplish his purpose will, by the use of the army, remove all obstacles in his way to either a crown or the presidency."

THE STATE COMMISSIONERS.

A few words, Governor, upon another subject. Would you give me any information as to what progress is being made by the State Commissioners appointed to ascertain and adjust the indebtedness of the State, are making."

Although our action is not secret yet I do not think it prudent to say more than that the Commission have been diligently at work examining the records

and books, as far as they can be found in the departments of the State Government.

When will a report be ready for the General Assembly?"

"It is impossible at present to answer that question."

I was also informed by His Excellency that only three (3) railroad companies in the State had availed themselves of the provisions of the \$4,000 a mile bill. The Grand Trunk road is the only one that has surrendered all its bonds. The Savannah and Memphis has surrendered \$496,000 of its bonds, leaving \$144,000 outstanding. The South and North Railroad has outstanding about \$391,000 having surrendered all the others. Of course it is understood that all the roads in the State had the privilege of surrendering to the State the endorsed bonds of \$16,000 a mile and having issued to them in lieu thereof straight State bonds \$4,000 for every \$16,000 surrendered. The time has elapsed for such roads as have not already taken action to avail themselves of the benefit of the act.

Two young chaps from Selma who had absconded with \$500, stolen from a cotton merchant in Selma, were arrested in Columbus, Ga., on Wednesday. The parties were Charles Street and James Beach. They owned up to their offense, & expressed great repentance. The Columbus Enquirer says "Street's chief grief appeared to be for his father, who he said would be broken hearted. From their story we learn that Street and Beach, who were in Selma, had stolen the \$500 from a cotton merchant in Selma, and had intended to go to New York via Savannah. They had no definite idea what they were going to do when they had exhausted their funds in the metropolis. Street says he was mad! He doesn't know what he has done, but he says he had no reflections. The temptation was hurried, and he took advantage of it. He did not mean to steal."

They stopped here as youngsters, and thinking they would stop at the Alabama penitentiary would stop or be passed by. Their horror consists in detection, and of being carried back by the negro policemen of Selma and in iron. Street, we would say, has truly repented, and if the officers be arranged and sent to the penitentiary, they will not return, both may be reclaimed. God knows all of us have enough of errors to account for that we may be merciful to erring fellow creatures."

An officer has arrived from Selma for the prisoners. This money is held subject to the order of the owners. The boys have been treated kindly by our officers.

Reliable Testimony.

It cannot be reasonably supposed that when a person testifies to the efficacy of a remedy whose benefits he has experienced, without solicitation, that he does so for the purpose of misleading the public, or from any other motive than that of gratitude. It is still more unreasonable to suppose that eminent physicians would corroborate the evidence thus given unless they were personally of its truth. The proprietors of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters are constantly in the receipt of voluntary testimonials acknowledging the curative and preventive potency of this beneficent tonic and corrective, emitting not only from men, but from women, and also from well known members of the medical profession, both here and abroad, who have witnessed its effects, and prescribed it in their private practice. In the face of such evidence as this, to which the widest publicity has repeatedly been given, it would be absurd to question the medicinal virtues of the Bitters. Skepticism upon this point was long ago disarmed, and they are to-day as much respected and far more widely known than many of the official remedies which figure conspicuously in the pharmacopoeia. They are universally recognized to be the supreme remedy for intermittent and remittent fevers, dyspepsia, liver complaints, general debility, disorders of the bowels and secretaries, as well as a means of fortifying the system against malarious influences and those which operate injuriously upon the sensitive organs. Whether used as a remedy for actual disease, as a means of building up the broken down physique, or of hastening convalescence, they are never resorted to in vain, and they restore complete health when prescribed remedies cannot even initiate its recovery.

A GRAND RAFFLE.

FOR

A Valuable Piece of Property in Calhoun.

On Friday the 5th day of February, Mr. C. A. Sprague will raffie off his valuable and very desirable place, which adjoins the corporate limits of the flourishing town of Anniston or Woodstock.

The place is valued at, and is fully worth according to our best information \$3000. Six hundred tickets will be sold at \$5.00 each. Already two hundred of these tickets have been engaged in advance and the remainder will no doubt be taken long before the time set for the drawing. The scheme presents a hundred times better chance for a prize than the lotteries of the day. The raffie will be conducted perfectly fairly, under the management of a disinterested committee. The Raffie will be made by throwing dice, each person throwing for himself if present. Parties holding tickets who are not present may name some one to throw for them, or in the absence of such arrangement their numbers will be thrown by a committee appointed for that purpose. The throws will be made in regular order from 1 to 600 according to the number on tickets.

DESCRIPTION OF PLACE.

The place contains one hundred and sixty acres of good tillable land, one hundred of which is cleared. On the place are good comfortable improvements, such as house, stables, &c. Also a good orchard having in it peaches, apples, pears, plums, cherries, &c. Also a splendid chateaufort well of the very best quality. Altogether it is one of the most desirable places for the money in this part of Alabama. Titles perfect. Deed will be made to lucky ticket holder immediately after the raffie.

Money for tickets, when sent through the mail, must be sent by registered letter.

Address, C. SPRAGUE,

C. Weaver's Station,

Alabama.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County.

Probate Court, Jan. 18, 1875.

This day came S. Nakors, Guardian of Lucy B. Nakors, a minor, & filed his statement, accounts, vouchers and evidences, for an annual settlement of said minor. It is ordered that the 15th day of February, 1875, be appointed a day on which said annual settlement, at which time all persons interested can appear and contest said settlement, if they think proper.

L. W. CANNON, Judge of Probate.

Jan. 22, 1875—31.

Attachment Notice.

J. P. Walker, vs. In Justice Court, Calhoun County, Ala.

T. W. Morton, before W. S. Smith, J. P., vs. A. Glover, Garnishee.

Not appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that but was commenced by attachment, and levied by serving writ of Garnishment on W. A. Glover. It further appearing to the Court, that the said Defendant is a non-resident of this State, and resides in the State of Georgia, Post Office — It is ordered by the Court, that notice be given by publication in the Jacksonville Herald, a newspaper published in Jacksonville, Calhoun County, Alabama, for four successive weeks, and a copy to be sent by mail to Defendant, if his residence is known. Notice is also hereby given to Defendant, to appear at a term of said court, to be held at the place of holding the same, on Saturday, the 27th day of February, A. D. 1875, and defend the said suit.

W. S. SMITH, J. P.

January 23, 1875—41.—\$7 50.

Notice to Debtors.

All persons indebted to J. M. Carroll & Co., or Carroll & Co. or to J. M. Carroll, are hereby notified, that if they do not come forward promptly and make settlement, they will find their names and residences in the hands of an officer for collection.

J. M. CARROLL.

Jan. 16, 1875—41.

Choice Seed Oats For Sale.

THE undersigned has for sale at reasonable rates, RED RUST PROOF and BLUE OATS, of superior quality. Apply to

J. L. GREEN,

Alexandria, Ala.

Jan. 16, 1875—31.

To all whom it may Concern.

THE Grand Jurors in their report, request all parties who desired to prosecute violators of the law, to bring suit in the County Court. By so doing the guilty would be speedily punished, and the County put to rest as to this matter.

H. L. STEVENSON, Sol.

Jan. 16—41.

A Convention of the Granges of Calhoun County.

will be held at Jacksonville on the Saturday before the 4th Sunday in January inst for the purpose of electing a Deputy for said county, in which each grange will be entitled to a representation of three, to consist of the Master and two other members.

W. R. HANNAH,

L. D. MILLER, Secy.

Delegates to the State Grange.

\$5 to \$10 per day. Agents wanted.

All classes of working people of both sexes, young and old, make money at work at home, in their own localities, during their spare moments, or all the time, than at any thing else. We offer employment that will pay handsomely for every hour's work. Full particulars, terms, &c., sent free. Send us your address at once. Don't delay. Now is the time. Don't look for work or business elsewhere, until you have seen our Circular. Address: C. SPRAGUE & Co., Portland, Maine.

SEND now to G. P. ROWELL & CO. New York, for book (971) entitled containing list of 2000 newspapers, and estimate showing cost of advertising.

"Hard Times, Come Again No More."

All persons desirous of securing useful, honorable, and highly profitable employment, adapted to persons of any age, sex, or social position, entirely free from competition, and without limit, should read

Fortune Won: A Working Man's Story.

the story of a poor mechanic who, while in bad health, without means, and with a family on his hands, discovered a business in which he made a fortune in a few days, and tells so plainly how it was done, that any one who reads his narrative can be equally successful. Commenced in the number for January, 1875, (50¢ ready) of the POPULAR JOURNAL, a large forty column literary paper, filled with the choicest productions of American and Foreign authors. Magnificent list of costly premiums. SENT THREE MONTHS ON TRIAL FOR TWENTY-FIVE CENTS. Address JOURNAL COMPANY, Lawrenceburg, Indiana. 2w.

Administrator's Sale

—OF—

REAL ESTATE.

UNDER and by virtue of an Order of the Court of Calhoun County, State of Alabama, I will, as the administrator of the Estate of Samuel M. Williams, deceased, sell to the highest bidder

On Monday the 15th day of February, 1875,

Upon the premises, within the usual hours of sale, the following described land, to-wit: Fraction "A" section 12, Township 13, of Range 9, being situated in the northern portion of said county. Said land has upon it a Saw Mill and other improvements.

W. W. LITTLE, Adm.

One hundred dollars cash, and the remainder on a credit of twelve months, with interest from date; with note and good and sufficient security to secure the purchase money—this Jan. 12, 1875.

W. W. LITTLE, Adm.

Administrator of S. M. Williams, dec'd.

Jan. 16, 1875—36.

LIST OF APPOINTMENTS

of HENRY FITZ, Tax Assessor of Calhoun County.

Pre. No. 11 White Pl's, M. Jan. 25, 1875.

" 12, Corn Grove, T. 26, "

" 13, Centre, Wed. 27, "

" 14, Oxford, Thurs. 28, "

" 15, Ford's, Friday 29, "

" 16, Anniston, Sat. 30, "

" 17, Alexandria, M. Feb. 1, "

" 18, Sulphur Spgs, T. 2, "

" 19, Polkville, Wed. 3, "

" 20, Pecks Mill, Thurs. 4, "

" 21, R. Hollingsworth, F. 5, "

" 22, Jacksonville, Sat. 6, "

" 23, Ladiga, Mond. 7, "

" 24, Cross Plains, Ts. 8, "

" 25, Allen's, Wed. 9, "

" 26, Rabbit, Town, T. 11, "

" 27, June Bug, Fri. 12, "

" 28, "

" 29, "

" 30, "

" 31, "

" 32, "

" 33, "

" 34, "

" 35, "

" 36, "

" 37, "

" 38, "

" 39, "

" 40, "

" 41, "

" 4

in the House, on the 14th, Mr. Hancock introduced a bill removing the political disabilities of Jno. Withers, Jas. F. Winter and Wm. E. Gilmer. The bill passed. The House then went into committee of the whole on the bill for the relief of Mr. Poland in the chair, on the Indian appropriation bill, and soon after adjourned.

—Among the problems of geographical science still remaining unsolved is that regarding the sources of Irrawaddy, the great river of Burma; and it was announced at the recent meeting of the Geographical Association that the Emperor of the Comoo had recently fitted out an expedition for the purpose of settling the question.

imperial circle were clever men, a rule. That they were admitted at all was a triumph. At least, they must be abreast of the ideas of the age. It was the most accomplished diplomats who were so deputed to the charge of the new mission. The first of them, the sparkling courtier of political life. Foreign minister like Prince Gortschakoff and Lord Curzon, made it convenient to meet the new ambassador in the most agreeable and ventilating in an off-hand way matters of European importance. Clever visitors found themselves at home with the brother author of decided literary and political utility or formidable. The brilliant *caiseurs* sparked naturally and court and keen rivalry. The women were not less brilliant. They were in their own where the lenders of the were as witty and vivacious as Princess Metemich and Mme. de Polignac. There were state and political figures, though not of the first background; they were matters, course, like the grand staircases

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All these manures are dependent upon one another. It is first necessary to cover the earth with the natural; then the mental comprehends the necessities of the case, and applies the proper manure; then the body, for the aid of his oldest son, the mechanical, so manipulates our mother earth that smiles spread over her whole face, finally bursting into a laugh of golden joy, which rings through all the happy harvest.

"And thus we see three meet again,"

"And thus we owe our fields to grain."

HARMLESS NETTLES.—It has been ascertained by accident that, immediately after a strong wind, nettles are comparatively harmless. Some French laborers, having occasion to work in a field infested by this noxious weed, on a day when a strong wind had blown from the north, were surprised to find that they could handle the nettles with impunity. Their sting had lost its virulence. M. Naudin, in explaining the occurrence, states that a strong wind stimulates the exhalation of the poison in the stings of the nettle, and that the plant, when the wind ceases, the plant will be completely exhausted. Such was the case in the instance recorded. The truth of the statement is supported by the fact that, eight days after the wind, the nettles had refilled with their poisonous juice, and were as voracious as ever.

PAPER IMITATION OF LEATHER.—The most deceptive imitation of leather has been manufactured, according to a process discovered by Dawidowski, from paraffin paper. It is as soft and pliable as leather, and resembles it perfectly in color and finish, and, like it, can be dyed in any shade of color. It is, therefore, forms a perfect substitute for the fancy leather for many purposes. As binding of books it resists abrasion extremely well, and is not affected by dirt or even water. It is also free from the objections to leather as a lining for hats, since it is unaffected by perspiration.

SULPHUR IN ICELAND.—Immense quantities of sulphur have been discovered

The Accomplished Farmer.
The following extract furnishes a
illustration of what is necessary to con-
stitute the most accomplished farmer.
"The idea that perfect farming consists
in aptness of labor and strength of
muscle, is at war with true philosophy.
The sailor before the mast splices
rope, steers the ship, or rows a boat
with perfect skill. Hurled into the sea
he rides the wave with composure, and
is saved in countless exigencies where
landsmen would surely have perished."
Tossed fearfully on the yard-arm, amid
the play of the lightning, and sleet at
the tempest, he reefs the sail with in-

Peculiar Characteristics.
The man who grunts and gasps as he gobbles up the soup, and at every mouthful seems threatened with choking fit.
The man who, having by an accident been thrown once in your company, makes bold to brawl your name and to shake your hand profusely if you pass him in the street.
The man who, after he has provoked to a quarrel with a billiard with you, and though he feigns to be a non-producer, his own chalk.
The man who can't sit at your arm on any set occasion without getting his back to the wall and his stupid face to the door.
The man who, thinking you are a social bore, you with his notions or music of the future, of which you are as little as the music of the spheres.

ing, have so far failed. The only way
gained by the railway law suit of f
winter is that nothing was heard of
chattered rights above legislative
The failure of the law is not in its
but in its execution. Designed to
have farmers from unjust burden,
has been turned against them, and m
a source of greater oppression th
before. The farmers had no repre
sation on the board of railway com
missioners. This looked to him like
wanted disregard of their interests.
looked to competition in transport
as the source of ruin; would make
as far as possible water-runners bett

iron, opium, antimony, mercury, many other mineral poisons. This disease is a blood disease—purification; remove obstructions to the circulation; by taking that Vegetable, Active, Vinegar Bitters, and you will be a sound person in two or three months.

There most easily collar that is now is the Improved Warwick. It fits on any other on a low cut shirt. The edges being folded, and the surface looking like velvet, we recommend all to use it. Ask your gent's furnisher for the Improved Warwick.

We received a very pleasant letter (thanks from our old friend Kendall, since returned home, for a bottle of Johnson's Compound Liniment which we gave him, and which he says has cured him of a most and dangerous cough he had when

On the death of one of England's most eminent physicians, all his effects were sold by auction, and among other things was a sealed packet, marked "Admiral's Physic," which was sold at a great price. The purchaser on opening the packet, read as follows:—
"Keep the head cool, the lower part warm."—The remedy is necessary, use Parsons' Purgative Pills; they are the most scientifically prepared pill that has appeared in the last hundred years.

FOSTER'S first Texas drawing of Gold, Land, and House, came off 22d of October as advertised. The drawing takes place at 10 o'clock, at the residence of Mr. J. W. Foster, in this place, Houston, Texas, March 3. See advertisement.

Go to Riverside Water Cure, Hamilton, Ill.

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